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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/517,104 06/22/2005		06/22/2005	Vladimir Kuzunich Cherkasov	2003B073	1152	
23455	7590	06/15/2006		EXAMINER		
		HEMICAL COMPA	LU, C CAIXIA			
5200 BAYV P.O. BOX 2	· •	VE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
BAYTOWN	I, TX 77	7522-2149	1713			
				DATE MAILED: 06/15/2000	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				1.				
		Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)	~				
		10/517,104	CHERKASOV ET	AL.				
	Offic Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit					
		Caixia Lu	1713					
	Th MAILING DATE of this commun	ication app ars n the cover shee	t with the correspondenc ac	ddress				
Period fo	• •			20) 21) (2				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply is specified above, the maximum st tre to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, manunication. atutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) It will, by statute, cause the application to become	JNICATION. By a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this one ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>08 May 2006</i> .						
,—	•	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the mer								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-46 is/are pending in the a	application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>20-41,45 and 46</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1-19 and 42-44</u> is/are reject	ted.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
10)□	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected	I to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any obje							
_	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the attac	thed Office Action or form P	TO-152.				
Pri rity	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority	documents have been received.						
		documents have been received i						
	•	of the priority documents have be	een received in this National	l Stage				
	• •	onal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	4 6 4					
* (See the attached detailed Office action	on for a list of the certified copies	not received.					
Attachmer	nt(s)							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	· —	iew Summary (PTO-413)					
3) 🔯 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (f mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/07/2004</u> .		No(s)/Mail Date e of Informal Patent Application (PT	⁻ O-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Oath/Declaration

1. The box for "priority claimed" for prior foreign application is not checked.

Election/Restrictions

2. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I wherein the elected metallocene species is [1,4-bis-(2,6-di-sio-propylphenyl)-1,4-diaza-1,3-butadiene] nickel(II) [3.6-di-tert-butyl-4,5-dichlorocatechlolate], claims, 1-19 and 42-44, in the reply filed on May 8, 2004 and during the phone interview of June 9, 2006 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the cited prior art such as Llatas et al. (US 6,410,768) does not teaching the common features of the instant claims, thus, there is unit of invention among the restricted groups. This is not found persuasive because Llatas does teach the claimed transition metal complexes as shown in the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102 /103 below.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

3. The search results indicate that the elected metallocene is novel, the search is not extended to the rest of the species.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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5. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "composition" should be replaced with -compound--.

Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 1-19 and 42-44 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-82 of copending Application No. 10/448,837. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because subject matters of the transition metal complexes of the instant claims and the composition of the claims of Application No. 10/448,837 are overlapping with each other.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 1-19 and 42-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Llatas et al. (US 6,410,768).

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Llatas teaches a reaction product prepared by reacting multidentate ligand compound of formula I or II and a late transition metal compound of formula LqMX2, wherein, X can be catecholate.

While Llatas does not expressly teach the structure of the reaction product, one would have understood that the reaction product between multidentate ligand compound and LqM(catecholate) is a multidentate ligand and catecholate containing late transition metal complex in view the structure of the reactants (col. 5, lines 1-24). Such a complex meets the limitations of the instant claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Caixia Lu whose telephone number is (571) 272-1106. The examiner can normally be reached from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful and the matter is urgent, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu, can be reached at (571) 272-1114. The fax numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1700.

Caixia Lu, Ph. D. Primary Examiner